

The early history of the Moab area can be traced back 10,000 yrs and is visible in the area's many panels of ancient petroglyphs. A permanent pioneer settlement was not established until 1880. Today Moab supports a diverse population and economy and is considered one of the most cosmopolitan small towns in Utah. Enjoy the Museum of Moab, Slickrock Bike Trail, and a wide variety of restaurants and lodging accommodations. Population: 4,242 (as of 2016). Elevation: 4,000 ft.



### National Scenic Byway 128

Sheer walls of red sandstone contrast with the flowing waters of the Colorado River, which runs adjacent to this Scenic Byway. The road connects US 191 with I-70, and features such attractions as Fisher Towers, which loom 1500 feet above the valley floor, and Dewey Bridge, a one-lane suspension bridge, which was used until 1986. Dewey Bridge burned by brushfire in 2008. Scenic Byway 128 begins 3 miles north of Moab and runs 44 miles to the junction with I-70 near Cisco. May be driven in conjunction with the La Sal Mountain Loop Road. The bridge has been placed on the National Historic Register. Hittle Bottom Homestead is located at a popular picnic and boat launch and was the turn-of-the-century home of a local mail carrier.



Features the greatest concentration of natural stone arches in the world, offering spectacular displays of the natural forces of erosion at work. Hiking trails lead to the world famous free standing Delicate Arch, the impressive 306' span of Landscape Arch and other features. The visitor center and campground are open all year. Entrance fees are collected. Located 5 miles north of Moab, off US 191. Allow 2 hours for a short auto tour, longer for hiking. For current reservation information visit discovermoab.com/reservations.



Green and Colorado Rivers are showcased from easily accessible viewpoints along a paved road. There are no services or water available on the Island, but the primitive campground is open all year. Entrance fees are collected. Located 36 miles northwest of Moab via State Highway 313. Allow 3 hours, longer for hiking.



The Maze District/Canyonlands National Park The Maze is the most inaccessible of the three park districts, requiring 4-wheel drive to explore its rugged interior. Horseshoe Canyon is accessible by 2-wheel drive and offers hikers an opportunity to view "The Great Gallery", one of the finest panels of Indian pictographs to be found. Primitive camping has no water. Located 46 miles southwest of Green River off State Highway 24.







**Colorado and Green Rivers** 

The lifelines of the Canyonlands Region are its rivers, which offer spectacular views of the forces of nature at work, and exhibit millions of years of geologic history.







# **Dead Horse Point State Park**

Offers dramatic views of the La Sal Mountains, Canyonlands National Park and the Colorado River 2,000 feet below. An almost isolated island-mesa, the area was at one time used as a natural corral for wild horses. A visitor center, museum and campground are open year-round. Fees are collected. Located 34 miles NW of Moab.











From its junction with Scenic Byway 128, this road passes through Castle Valley (a popular movie and commercial location) and leads to the forests, lakes and streams of the Manti-La Sal National Forest. North portion of loop may be closed in winter. Some tight turns. Allow 2 1/2 hours for the 65 mile loop.







Mill Canyon Dinosaur Bone Trail and Track Site An outdoor paleontological museum providing an opportunity to view dinosaur bones and fossils in situ along a short self-guiding trail. A short distance from the trail are the stabilized remains of the Halfway Stage Station which served as a rest area for the traveling public between Moab and the railroad at Thompson from 1883 to 1904. 13 miles N of Moab off US 191. 2 miles of dirt road to trailheads. Allow 1 hour.







Scenic Byway 279 Travels through the red rock gorge of the Colorado River. Attractions include dinosaur tracks, Indian petroglyphs, and arches. 3 miles north of Moab off US 191. Allow 1 hour for the 36 mile round trip.



### **Wilson Arch**

A beautiful natural arch located adjacent to US 191. A parking area provides convenient access. 26 miles southeast of Moab. Allow 1 hour.

### **NEAR MONTICELLO**

Nestled at the foot of the Abajo Mountains, Monticello is the northern gateway to Utah's Canyon Country. The community has a rich western heritage of ranchers, farmers, and pioneers. Wheat fields still surround the community with delicate green in the spring and rich gold in late summer. The Hideout Golf Club, one of Utah's premier courses, is in Monticello. The Frontier Museum and visitor center are on Main Street (US191). Mountain recreation is nearby as well as the Canyon Country Discovery Center. Restaurants and lodging. Centrally located

#### trading post.

US163 and County Rd. 421. Allow 2 hours to visit the museum and film, Earth Spirit. Lodging, campground. 2 miles W of the junction of tours, Navajo arts & crafts, a restaurant, and evening showings of the from the film She Wore A Yellow Ribbon is here. The lodge offers on the Navajo people and the films made in the valley. The cabin offers a museum in the original 1926 residence with special emphasis Mestled at the foot of towering sandstone cliffs, Goulding's Lodge Gouldings Lodge / Trading Post/Museum





US163 and County Rd. 421. Allow 2 hours to a full day. available. 24 miles SW of Mexican Hat and 1 mile E of the junction of about the Navajo people and land they call home. Arts & crafts are The center offers information, camping, a restaurant, and tours. Learn Navajo Tribal Park Visitor Center



weaver at work, and visit the movie museum. see the film "Earth Spirit", eat at a table with a view, see a Navajo center or from Goulding's Lodge. Visit the original trading post, tours leave from the Monument Valley Navajo Tribal Park visitor stunning scenery, is to take a tour with a native guide. Guided Navajo people it is home. The best way to see the valley and the landscape and the location of many movies. To the Monument Valley, known world-wide, is the quintessential western

**NEAR MONUMENT VALLEY** 

surface) Allow 2 hours for the Dugway, 1 hour for Muley Point. Muley Point: 18 miles NW of Mexican Hat (Co Rd 241- native Canyon. Dugway: 13 miles NW of Mexican Hat on US 261. offers another great view from the canyon's edge into John's distance Monument Valley on the southern horizon. Muley Point top are worth the trip. Views of Valley of the Gods and in the mind heights, the views from the road and the overlook at the Hat, the Moki Dugway is an 11% grade on gravel. If you don't haulers from the mines on Cedar Mesa to the mill near Mexican uranium boom by Texas Zinc Minerals to provide a route for ore to provide a path for transport. Built in the 1950s during the A "dugway" is a road or trail along a hillside which is dug out Woki Dugway / Muley Point



from U261 8 miles NW of Mexican Hat. Allow 3 hours. high clearance vehicles. Entrance from US163 12 miles W of Bluff or and fall when temperatures are cooler. Native surface road suitable for Lady, and Battleship Butte. The perfect place for a tour in the spring sandstone formations with fanciful names like Seven Sailors, Southern Valley of the Gods, a miniature Monument Valley, is home to towering









Paved into the Manti-La Sal National Forest, reaching an elevation of 8,200 feet. The road crosses the flank of the Abajos where deer and turkeys can be seen foraging. A spectacular overlook into the desert and access to several small fishing lakes are on the route. Two USFS campgrounds. W of Monticello 9 miles via 200 South St. then 8.5 miles on County Rd. 101. to junction with U211 - access to Canyonlands National Park. The Abajo Loop Scenic Backway follows the same route before turning south through the mountains to end in Blanding. Reaches an elevation of 10,300 feet and is suitable for high clearance vehicles. 34 miles of graded gravel and native surface. W of Monticello 5 miles on County Rd. 101 to junction with CR285 then S 29 miles to Blanding. Allow 4 hours.





Canvon Rims Recreation Area







Needles District of Canyonlands National Park. 16 mile graded gravel road to Anticline Overlook and a view of a geologic anticline, the Colorado River, and Kane Springs Canyon. 52 miles Northwest of Monticello. Allow 4 hrs. for both overlooks.





Newspaper Rock / Indian Creek Corridor Scenic Byway

14 miles N of Monticello, Indian Creek Canyon begins at the bottom of a series of switchbacks (tight turns) and descends from the highdesert near Monticello. This large petroglyph panel, is easily accessed along the road. The rock art is representative of multiple cultures and times. 12 miles W on U211. Allow 1 hour.











**Needles District / Canyonlands National Park** 

Explore the canyons and desert of this colorful section of Canyonlands. Open all year. 4 wheel drive required to access some areas, highway vehicle is okay for others. Entrance fee. Year-round camping. 14 miles N and 32 miles W of Monticello off US191on U211. Services available at Needles Outpost, close to the park entrance. Spring and fall, half the camping sites are reservable online, summer and winter all sites are first come, first served. Allow 3 hours.

### **NEAR BLANDING**

Edge of the Cedars State Park, home to an Ancestral Puebloan site, is a repository for artifacts from the Four Corners region. View oneof-a-kind artifacts: macaw feather sash, a prehistoric loom, and an ancient place setting of wooden plates and exquisitely made knives. The Dinosaur Museum will take you even farther back in pre-history. Beginning point for Trail of the Ancients National Scenic Byway, an auto tour through the heart of Utah's Canyon Country. Visitor Center. Restaurants and lodging. Centrally located for easy access to parks, monuments, and Lake Powell. Population: 3,500. Elevation: 6,200 ft

Kane Gulch, signed. Allow 3 hrs to multiple days. Cedar Mesa area. Detailed maps are recommended. Ranger station at Station is a 5 hour hike. Many day hikes are possible throughout the (435-587-1500). Access to Grand Gulch from Kane Gulch Ranger or horseback, and camping requires a permit from the BLM. archaeological structures, and artifacts. Travel is restricted to foot This canyon, cut into Cedar Mesa, shelters petroglyphs, pictographs, The Ancestral Puebloans inhabited this area over 700 years ago. **Grand Gulch Primitive Area** 



Mexican Hat via US163, US261, and U316. Allow 1 hr. and layers are easily seen. Camping & fees. No water. 9 Miles NW of raw. Eons of geologic activity are on view. The canyon is 1,500 ft deep Lake Powell. The park offers visitors a close-up view of geology in the covering more than 6 miles while advancing less than 2 miles toward small park its name and spectacular views. The river twists and turns, The longest entrenched river meander in North America gives this



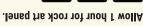
for San Juan River Trips. Population: 26. Elevation: 4,350. is home to several trading posts, motels, restaurants, and is a launch site inverted sandstone sombrero which is north of the town. The community Nestled amid deep red sandstone cliffs, Mexican Hat is named for the

> miles west of Bluff. Allow 3 hours for cursory exploration. to travel along it to the river to bypass its height. Located 7.5 presented an impassable barrier to the pioneers who were forced willing to search. Comb Ridge, on the eastern side of the wash, its length are Ancestral Puebloan ruins and rock art for those from the Abajo Mountains to the San Juan River. Hidden along Comb Wash is a deep, wide canyon splitting the landscape









Located 4 miles W of Bluff at Sand Island Boat Launch Area. Kokopelli, the hump backed flute player of southwestern mythology. lsland where a large petroglyph panel reveals multiple images of

on the natural and human history along the river. Campground at Sand which provide an unexpected roller coaster ride. Tour operators focus river, with only a few stretches of active water, harbors "sand waves" Float trips travel from Bluff to Mexican and on to Clay Hills. This quiet The San Juan River











### **Hovenweep National Monument**

Six groups of Ancestral Puebloan sites await your exploration at Hovenweep. Square Tower Group, with walls 20 ft. high, is just steps from the visitor center. Square, round, and D-shaped towers are unique at this park where you can travel on back roads to outlying sites or thoroughly explore the sites near the visitor center. Campground and fees. Located 45 miles southeast of Blanding. Allow 3 hours.







### Natural Bridges National Monument

Tucked away in White Canyon, this small park shows off three of the world's largest natural stone bridges. Each can be seen from overlooks on Bridge View Drive, an 8 mile loop through the park. All are accessed by trail, the easiest and shortest (4/10 of a mile) is to Owachomo Bridge 13 space campground. Visitor Center. Fees. Located 47 miles SW of Blanding on U95, Allow 3 hours.









Glen Canyon National Recreation Area/ Rainbow **Bridge National Monument/Lake Powell** 

Over 1,800 miles of shoreline. Two marinas serve Utah's Canyon Country on the eastern side of the lake. Halls Crossing Marina is 90 miles SW of Blanding via Utah Hwys. 95 and 276. Ferry crosses to Bullfrog Marina daily during summer. Scenic and charter flights available at Cal Black Mem. Airport. Hite Marina is 87 miles SW of Blanding via Utah Hwy. 95. Rainbow Bridge, the world's largest natural stone bridge, is accessible via tour from Halls Crossing Marina or by trail from Navajo Mountain (a permit is required from Navajo Parks & Recreation). 2 hours drive time from Blanding to each marina. Tour to Rainbow Bridge is 8 hours. Trail from Navajo Mt. is 14 hours

## **NEAR BLUFF**

Situated in the center of the Four Corners region, Bluff offers the visitor a desert hideaway and shopping in trading posts and galleries for contemporary fine art and excellent examples of native craft. Experience the excitement of a river trip on the San Juan river, enjoy the thrill of hiking the backcountry with a knowledgeable guide, or visit surrounding ruins and rock art. Delve into the past of this historic western outpost with a stop at the Bluff Fort. Centrally located for easy access to parks, monuments, the San Juan River, and Monument Valley. Hosts the annual Bluff International Balloon Festival, Bluff Arts Festival, and Solstice Celebration. Population: 380. Elevation: 4,350 ft.







**Bluff Historic Walking / Biking Tour** 

This pioneer settlement dates to the late 1800's and many of the original homes remain. Built in the Victorian style but with sandstone block, these homes are along the historic tour. The tour guide book discusses the natural history of the area and is available at local businesses. Allow 2 hours for

